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### LISTING OF CLAIMS:

Please reconsider the claims as follows:

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- (currently amended) A method, comprising: 1
- reducing the power level of an optical data signal propagating in an optical fiber 2
- path in response to the absence a loss of a counter-propagating supervisory signal in the 3
- optical fiber path; and 4
- reducing counter-propagating optical power in response to the absence a loss of 5
- the optical data signal; and 6
- responsive to the loss of the optical data signal, reducing counter-propagating 7
- optical signal power output from at least one additional network element by a 8
- predetermined amount. 9
  - 2. (canceled)
- 3. (currently amended) The method of claim I, wherein the step of reducing the power 1
- level of the optical data signal and the step of reducing counter-propagating optical power 2
- are performed substantially at the same time. 3
- 4. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of reducing the power 1
- level of the optical data signal comprises at least one of: 2
- reducing pump power supplied by at least one pump source coupled to the optical 3
- fiber path; and 4
- reducing gain supplied by at least one optical amplifier coupled to the optical fiber 5
- 6 path.
- 5. (previously presented) The method of claim 4, wherein the step of reducing the 1
- counter-propagating optical power comprises reducing counter-propagating pump power
- supplied by at least one pump source coupled to the optical fiber path.

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- 6. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein the power level of the optical 1
- data signal is reduced by a predetermined amount such that harm from an optical signal 2
- emanating from a fault in the optical fiber path is substantially reduced. 3
- 7. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the counter-propagating optical 1
- power is reduced by a predetermined amount such that harm from an optical signal 2
- emanating from a fault in the optical fiber path is substantially reduced. 3
- 8. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of restoring 1
- the power level of the optical data signal in response to the presence of the counter-2
- propagating supervisory signal.
- 9. (previously presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising the step of restoring 1
- the counter-propagating optical power in response to a notification of the presence of the 2
- counter-propagating supervisory signal. 3
- 10. (currently amended) A method, comprising: I
- a) detecting loss of a supervisory signal counter-propagating in an optical fiber 2 path at a first network element; 3
- b) responsive to the loss of the supervisory signal in the optical fiber path, 4 reducing the power level of an optical data signal output to the optical fiber path from the 5
- first network element by a predetermined amount; 6
- c) detecting loss of the optical data signal propagating in the optical fiber path at a 7 second network element; 8
- d) responsive to the loss of the optical data signal, reducing counter-propagating 9 optical power output from the second network element by a predetermined amount; and 10
- c) responsive to the loss of the optical data signal, reducing counter-propagating 11 optical signal power output from a third network element by a predetermined amount.
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#### 11. (canceled)

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- 1 12. (previously presented) The method of claim 10, wherein the steps b) and d) are
- 2 performed substantially at the same time.
- 1 13. (original) The method of claim 10, wherein step b) comprises at least one of:
- 2 reducing pump power supplied by at least one pump source coupled to the optical
- 3 fiber path in the first network element; and
- 4 reducing gain of at least one optical amplifier coupled to the optical fiber path in
- 5 the first network element.
- 14. (previously presented) The method of claim 10, wherein step d) comprises reducing
- 2 counter-propagating pump power supplied by at least one pump source coupled to the
- 3 optical fiber path in the second network element.
- 1 15. (canceled)
- 1 16. (previously presented) A network element adapted for use in an optical transmission
- 2 system, comprising:
- a first gain element, for providing an upstream optical signal to an upstream
- 4 optical fiber path;
- a controller, for reducing the power level of the upstream optical signal generated
- by the first gain element to the upstream optical fiber path in response to the absence of a
- 7 counter-propagating supervisory signal in the upstream optical fiber path;
- a second gain element, for providing a counter-propagating downstream optical
- 9 signal to an downstream optical fiber path; and
- the controller, for reducing the power level of the counter-propagating
- downstream optical signal generated by the second gain element to the downstream
- optical fiber path in response to the loss of an optical signal propagating in the
- downstream optical fiber path, wherein the controller, in response to the absence of the

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- 14 counter-propagating supervisory signal, provides an indication to a downstream network
- 15 element that the supervisory signal is absent.
- 1 17. (canceled)
- 1 18. (original) The network element of claim 16, wherein the network element comprises
- 2 a repeater.
- 1 19. (original) The network element of claim 18, wherein the at least one gain element
- 2 comprises at least one of an optical amplifier and a pump source.
- 20. (currently amended) In a lightwave communication system having a plurality of
- 2 network elements for supplying an optical signal adapted for transmission in an optical
- 3 fiber path, an apparatus for controlling power of an optical signal propagating in the
- 4 optical fiber path comprising:
- means for detecting loss of a supervisory signal counter-propagating in the optical
- 6 fiber path;
- a first automatic power reduction circuit for reducing the power level of an optical
- 8 data signal output to the optical fiber path from a first network element by a
- 9 predetermined amount in response to the loss of the supervisory signal in the optical fiber
- 10 path;
- means for detecting loss of the optical data signal propagating in the optical fiber
- 12 path;
- a second automatic power reduction circuit for reducing counter-propagating
- optical power output from a second network element by a predetermined amount in
- response to the loss of the optical data signal; and
- a controller, in response to the absence of the counter-propagating supervisory
- 17 signal, provides an indication to a third network element that the supervisory signal is
- 18 absent.

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21. (canceled)